

# Day 1 Maths Starter

True or False ?

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{81}{126} = \frac{9}{14}$$

# Day 1 Maths Starter Answer

True or False ?

Equivalent fractions

True

$$\frac{81}{126} = \frac{9}{14}$$

$\div 9$

# Day 1 Maths Fractions: 4 operations

Video Link: <https://vimeo.com/480708159>

Remember you can look back at last week's links to remind you.

Slide 4 is aimed at  $2/3$  star

Slide 5 contains the answers to  $2/3$  star

Slide 6 is aimed at 1 star (try this one if you don't feel confident on slide 4)

Slide 7 contains the answers to 1 star

Width X height.

Total of the 4 sides.

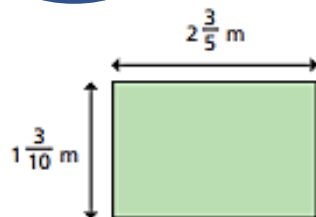
1 Work out the missing total.

|               |               |               |               |                |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $2\frac{1}{3}$ |
|               |               |               |               |                |

Show all the steps in your working.

Explain your method to a partner.

2 Work out the perimeter of the rectangle.



Explain your method to your partner.

Did you work it out in the same way?

3 Complete the calculations.

a)  $(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}) \times 3$     b)  $(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}) \div 3$     c)  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \times 3$     d)  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \div 3$

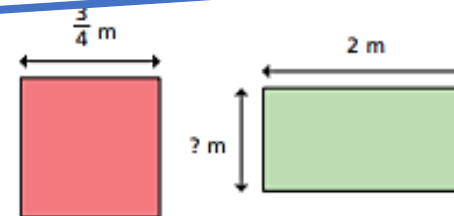
4 Jack mixes  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a litre of orange juice and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a litre of apple juice.

He pours the juice into 5 glasses equally.

How much juice is in each glass?

5 The area of these two shapes are equal.

Find the height of the rectangle.



6 In a class,  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the pupils are boys.  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the girls wear glasses and  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the boys wear glasses.

Do more boys or girls wear glasses?

Explain your reasoning.

7 Work out the calculation.

$$(1\frac{3}{5} - \frac{7}{10})^2$$

8 Use what you know about working with fractions to explain, prove or disprove the following statements.

a) Half of a half of a half is an eighth.

b) Quarter of a half plus half of a quarter is a quarter.

9

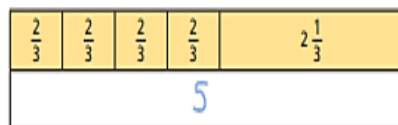


Explore the different totals you can make using each card once only.



## Four rules with fractions

- 1 Work out the missing total.



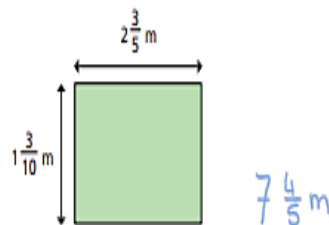
Show all the steps in your working.

$$\frac{2}{3} \times 3 = 2$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{1}{3} = 3 \quad 2 + 3 = 5$$

Explain your method to a partner.

- 2 Work out the perimeter of the rectangle.



Explain your method to your partner.

Did you work it out in the same way?

- 3 Complete the calculations.

a)  $(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}) \times 3 = 4$

b)  $(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}) \div 3 = \frac{4}{9}$

c)  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \times 3 = 2\frac{2}{3}$

d)  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \div 3 = \frac{8}{9}$

- 4 Jack mixes  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a litre of orange juice and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a litre of apple juice.

He pours the juice into 5 glasses equally.

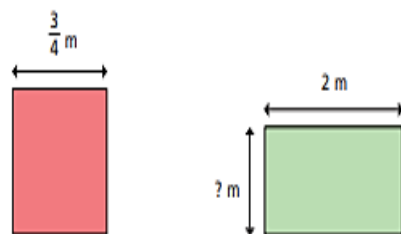
How much juice is in each glass?

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{17}{12}$$

$$\frac{17}{12} \div 5 = \frac{17}{60}$$

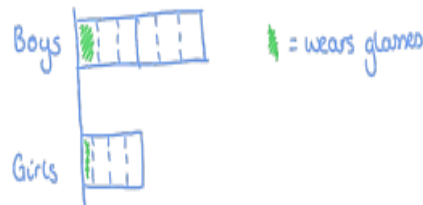
- 5 The area of these two shapes are equal.

Find the height of the rectangle.



- 6 In a class,  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the pupils are boys.  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the girls wear glasses and  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the boys wear glasses. Do more boys or girls wear glasses?

Explain your reasoning.



$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} > \frac{1}{12}$$

More boys wear glasses

- 7 Work out the calculation.

$$(1\frac{3}{5} - \frac{7}{10})^2$$

- 8 Use what you know about working with fractions to explain, prove or disprove the following statements.

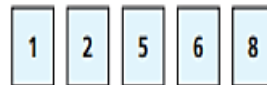
- a) Half of a half of a half is an eighth.

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} \quad \text{This is true.}$$

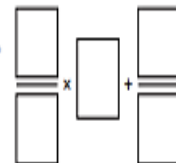
- b) Quarter of a half plus half of a quarter is a quarter.

$$\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4} \quad \text{This is true.}$$

- 9



Various answers.



Explore the different totals you can make using each card once only.



- 1 Complete the calculations.

Use bar models to help you.

$$\text{a) } \frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{6}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \square = \square$$

- 2 Complete the calculations.

$$\text{a) } \frac{4}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \square$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{4}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{8}{7} - \frac{3}{7} = \square$$

$$\text{e) } \frac{7}{9} + \frac{8}{9} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{8}{5} - \frac{6}{5} = \square$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{9}{5} - \frac{3}{5} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{f) } \frac{17}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{g) } \frac{16}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \square$$

$$\text{h) } \frac{7}{9} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{8}{9} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{i) } \frac{7}{15} + \frac{2}{15} + \frac{8}{15} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{j) } \frac{7}{15} - \frac{2}{15} + \frac{8}{15} = \square$$



3

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

What could the missing numerators be?

Give six different possibilities.

4

Dora has  $2\frac{3}{8}$  litres of juice.

She pours out  $\frac{9}{8}$  litres of juice.

How many litres of juice does she have left?

5

Fill in the missing numerators.

$$\text{a) } \frac{3}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{13}{8} - \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{13}{8} - \frac{\square}{8} = 1$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{11}{9} + \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{22}{9} = 2\frac{\square}{9}$$

$$\text{e) } \frac{11}{9} + \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{\square}{9} = 2\frac{2}{9}$$

$$\text{f) } \frac{22}{9} - \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{\square}{9} = 2\frac{2}{9}$$

$$\text{g) } \frac{4}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = 2$$

$$\text{h) } \frac{5}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = 2$$

$$\text{i) } \frac{6}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = 2$$

$$\text{j) } \frac{14}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = 3$$

$$\text{k) } \frac{15}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = 3$$

$$\text{l) } \frac{16}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = 4$$

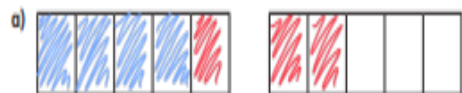
Compare answers with a partner. What do you notice?



## Add and subtract fractions

1 Complete the calculations.

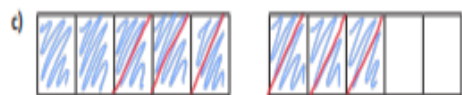
Use the bar models to help you.



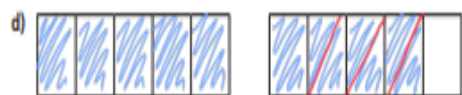
$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$



$$\frac{6}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{5} = 1\frac{4}{5}$$



$$\frac{8}{5} - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$



$$\frac{9}{5} - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$



2 Complete the calculations.

a)  $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$

f)  $\frac{17}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \frac{9}{9} = 1$

b)  $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = \frac{7}{7} = 1$

g)  $\frac{16}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \frac{8}{9}$

c)  $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = \frac{8}{7} = 1\frac{1}{7}$

h)  $\frac{7}{9} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{8}{9} = \frac{17}{9} = 1\frac{8}{9}$

d)  $\frac{8}{7} - \frac{3}{7} = \frac{5}{7}$

i)  $\frac{7}{15} + \frac{2}{15} + \frac{8}{15} = \frac{17}{15} = 1\frac{2}{15}$

e)  $\frac{7}{9} + \frac{8}{9} = \frac{15}{9} = 1\frac{2}{3}$

j)  $\frac{7}{15} - \frac{2}{15} + \frac{8}{15} = \frac{13}{15}$

3  $\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$

What could the missing numerators be?

Give six different possibilities.

e.g.

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{12}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{4}{8} + \frac{9}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{2}{8} + \frac{11}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{8}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{10}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{6}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

4 Dora has  $2\frac{3}{8}$  litres of juice.She pours out  $\frac{9}{8}$  litres of juice.

How many litres of juice does she have left?

Dora has  $1\frac{1}{4}$  litres left.

5 Fill in the missing numerators.

a)  $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$

g)  $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = 2$

b)  $\frac{13}{8} - \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

h)  $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = 2$

c)  $\frac{13}{8} - \frac{\square}{8} = 1$

i)  $\frac{6}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = 2$

d)  $\frac{11}{9} + \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{22}{9} = 2\frac{4}{9}$

j)  $\frac{14}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = 3$

e)  $\frac{11}{9} + \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{20}{9} = 2\frac{2}{9}$

k)  $\frac{15}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = 3$

f)  $\frac{22}{9} - \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{20}{9} = 2\frac{2}{9}$

l)  $\frac{16}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = 4$

Compare answers with a partner. What do you notice?

6 Here are some fraction cards.



Use the cards to write pairs of fractions with a total of 2

$$1\frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = 2$$

$$\frac{13}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = 2$$

$$\frac{9}{8} + \frac{7}{8} = 2$$

7 Annie and Dexter both have a skipping rope.

Annie's rope is  $\frac{3}{4}$  m shorter than Dexter's rope.The ropes are  $\frac{13}{4}$  m altogether.

How long is each skipping rope?

Annie's rope is  $1\frac{1}{4}$  m long. Dexter's rope is  $2$  m long.