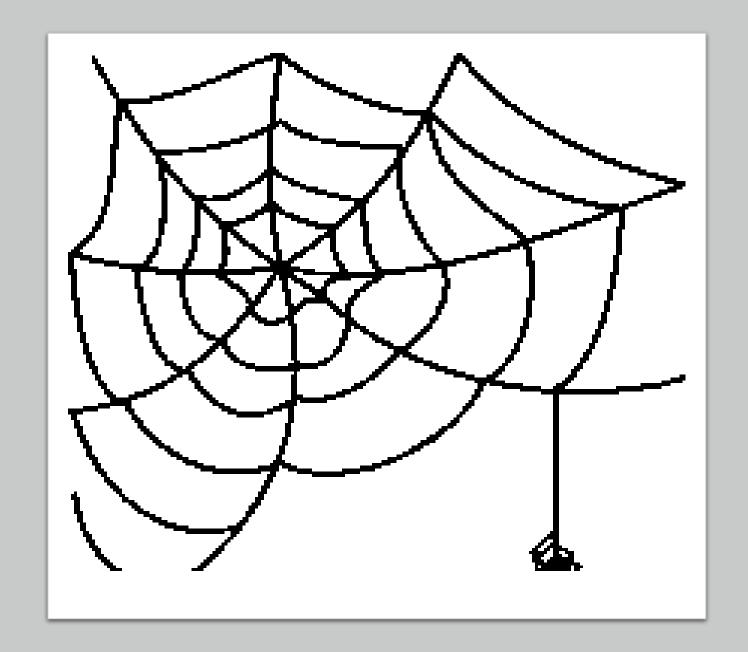
To write a scary story.

Tuesday 26th January 2021



Targets:

You need to aim to include these targets today.

- Today, you are writing the following:
- Story opening paragraph
- Build up paragraph
- Dilemma paragraph

Writing Assessment Framework: Year 6

Working towards the expected standard (WTS)

The pupil can write for a range of purposes:

- use paragraphs to organise ideas
- in narratives, describe settings and characters
- in non-narrative writing, use simple devices to structure the writing and support the reader (e.g. headings, sub-headings, bullet points)
- use capital letters, full stops, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contraction mostly correctly
- spell correctly most words from the year 3 / year 4 spelling list, and some words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list
- write legibly

Working at expected standard (EXS)

The pupil can write for an increasing range of audiences and purposes:

- write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting language that shows good awareness of the reader (e.g. the use of the first person in a diary; direct address in instructions and persuasive writing)
- in narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere
- integrate dialogue in narratives to convey character and advance the action
- select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires, doing this
 mostly appropriately (e.g. using contracted forms in dialogues in narrative; using passive verbs to
 affect how information is presented; using modal verbs to suggest degrees of possibility)
- use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. conjunctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) within and across paragraphs
- use verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout their writing
- use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 mostly correctlyⁿ (e.g. inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech)
- spell correctly most words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list and use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more ambitious vocabulary
- maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed.

Working at greater depth within the expected standard (GDS)

The pupil can write for a wide range of audience and purposes:

- write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting the appropriate form and drawing independently on what they have read as models for their own writing (e.g. literary language, characterisation, structure)
- . distinguish between the language of speech and writing3 and choose the appropriate register
- exercise an assured and conscious control over levels of formality, particularly through manipulating grammar and vocabulary to achieve this
- use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 correctly (e.g. semi-colons, dashes, colons, hyphens) and, when necessary, use such punctuation precisely to enhance meaning and avoid ambiguity.

Feedback

 If you'd like some pointers and advice on how to improve work for the next lesson, send your work to NJS.Year6@taw.org.uk