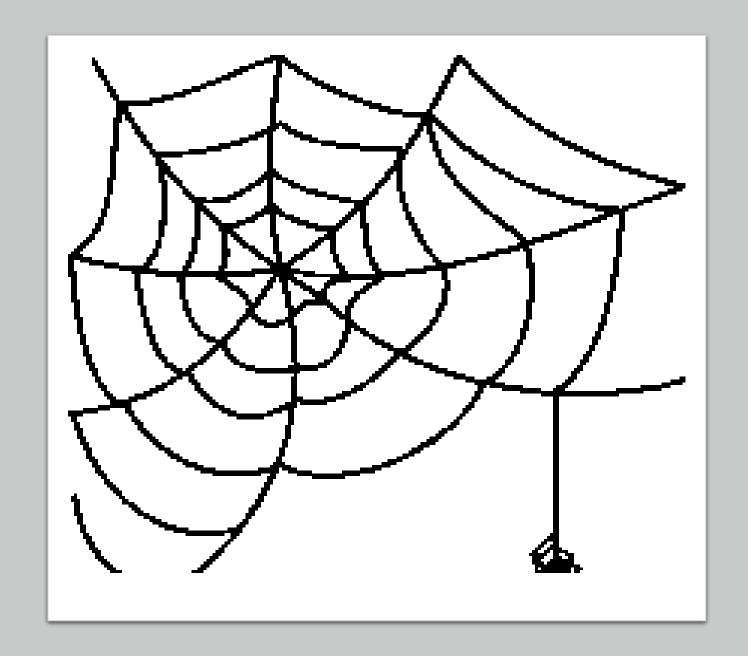
To write a scary story.

Wednesday 27th January 2021



Targets:

You need to aim to include these targets today.

- Today, you are writing the following:
- Resolution paragraph
- Ending paragraph
- Before you write, re-read work from previous lesson and re-read your plan.

Writing Assessment Framework: Year 6

Working towards the expected standard (WTS)

The pupil can write for a range of purposes:

- use paragraphs to organise ideas
- in narratives, describe settings and characters
- in non-narrative writing, use simple devices to structure the writing and support the reader (e.g. headings, sub-headings, bullet points)
- use capital letters, full stops, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contraction mostly correctly
- spell correctly most words from the year 3 / year 4 spelling list, and some words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list
- write legibly

Working at expected standard (EXS)

The pupil can write for an increasing range of audiences and purposes:

- write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting language that shows good awareness of the reader (e.g. the use of the first person in a diary; direct address in instructions and persuasive writing)
- in narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere
- integrate dialogue in narratives to convey character and advance the action
- select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires, doing this
 mostly appropriately (e.g. using contracted forms in dialogues in narrative; using passive verbs to
 affect how information is presented; using modal verbs to suggest degrees of possibility)
- use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. conjunctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) within and across paragraphs
- use verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout their writing
- use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 mostly correctlyⁿ (e.g. inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech)
- spell correctly most words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list and use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more ambitious vocabulary
- maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed.

Working at greater depth within the expected standard (GDS)

The pupil can write for a wide range of audience and purposes:

- write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting the appropriate form and drawing independently on what they have read as models for their own writing (e.g. literary language, characterisation, structure)
- . distinguish between the language of speech and writing3 and choose the appropriate register
- exercise an assured and conscious control over levels of formality, particularly through manipulating grammar and vocabulary to achieve this
- use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 correctly (e.g. semi-colons, dashes, colons, hyphens) and, when necessary, use such punctuation precisely to enhance meaning and avoid ambiguity.

Feedback

 Send your completed stories to NJS.Year6@taw.org.uk

 Well done for completing this piece of work!