

Remote Learning Plan!

Hello Year 4!

During the next few weeks, we will be providing the children with remote learning on a daily basis. The work will be available on the website the day before e.g. Monday's work will be online Sunday.

Everyday the remote learning will consist of:

1. English Lesson
2. Maths Lesson
3. Reading Lesson
4. One other curriculum lesson (PSHE, Art etc)

We will be available during the hours of 9am-4pm so please feel free to contact us on our new e-mail

njs.year4@taw.org.uk

Some of the work provided will be split into the star levels that the children use everyday in class (1,2 3).

Stay safe everyone!

Miss Jones, Mrs Jukes, Mrs Kuczynska and Mrs Sisson.

English:

Objective: To recall the story from each character.

Imagine that scissors survived and continued to wreak havoc in the forest!

Create a WANTED poster for his capture.

Who might have created the poster? What could the reward for capture be?

Remember to include a sketch and a detailed description of him. Explain why he is 'WANTED'.

1* - See the next slide for a template!

2/3* - Create your own wanted poster and make sure you include the information above!



1* ...

Please use this template or create a similar one of your own!

Challenge...

Add some sentences to describe what the suspect (Scissors) looks like.



Maths: We will be focusing on Telling the Time.

Objective: I can identify months and years.

Please choose a video from the link below and focus on the teaching strategies used to help you identify how months of the year and how many days are in each month.

Units of Time

<https://newportjuniorschool.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/Calculation-Policy.pdf>

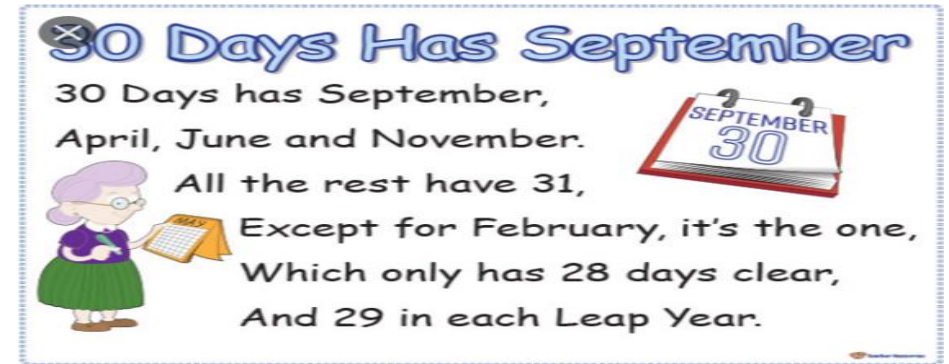
As we are beginning a new topic, please read the calculation policy which will offer guidance on how to set calculations out.

1* - Today you will be focusing on months of the year and solving problems focusing on days and months.

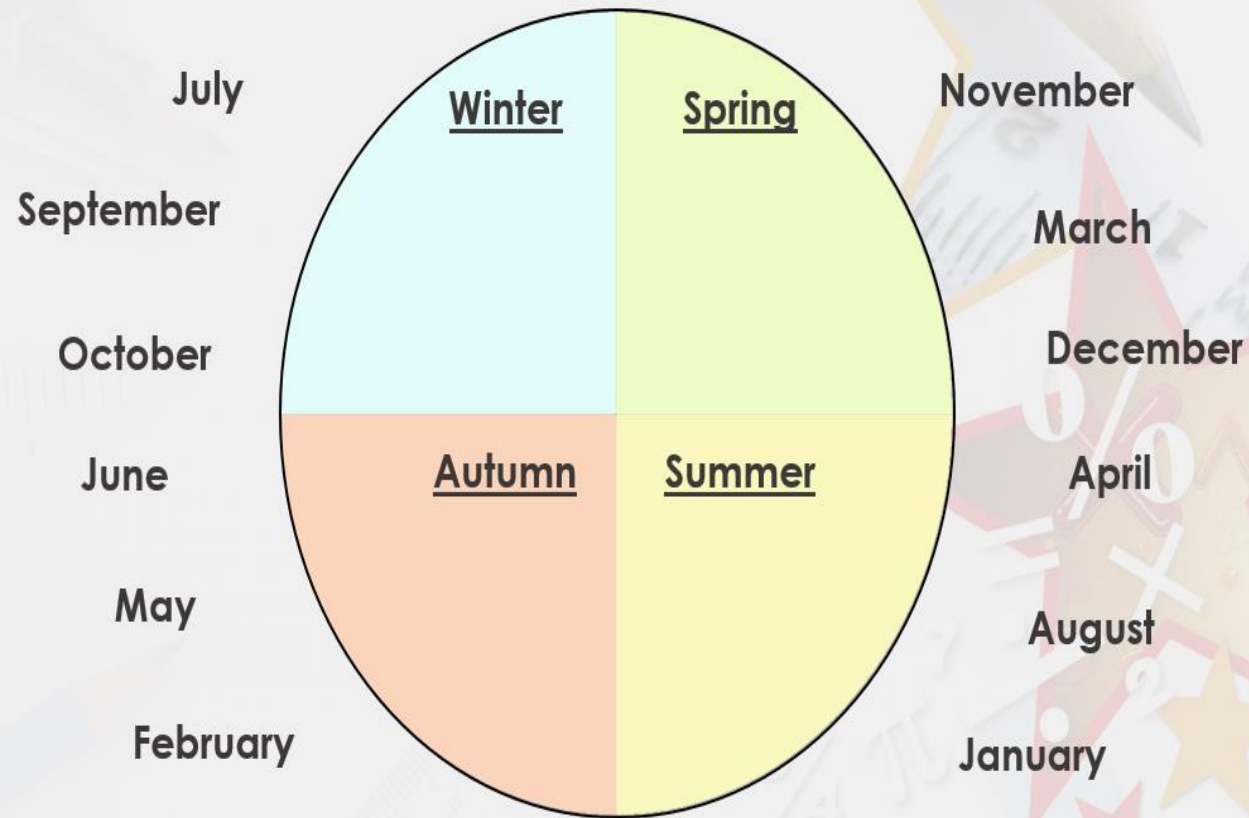
2*/3* - Today you will be focusing on solving problems involving months and years.

Extension: Use the 30 days has September rhyme to help you solve the True or False Statement.

Is the statement true or false?



Decide which month should go in which season and place them in the correct order.



1a. Decide which statement is always true, sometimes true or never true.

- A. There are 12 months in a year
- B. May is longer than August
- C. February has 28 days

Explain your reasoning.



R

1b. Decide which statement is always true, sometimes true or never true.

- A. December is the 12th month of the year
- B. September has 31 days
- C. A year has 365 days

Explain your reasoning.



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1 STAR TASK!

2a. Which card is the odd one out?

Explain your reasoning.

October

November

January



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2b. Which card is the odd one out?

Explain your reasoning.

365 days

A leap year

A non-leap year



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1 STAR TASK!

3a. Complete the table about the siblings' dates of birth using the information below.

Carla	30	/		/	2001
	11	/	5	/	2007
Georgi		/		/	2003

Georgi's birthday is 12th May.
Ishmael's birthday is the day before Georgi's.
Carla's birthday is in November.



PS

3b. Complete the table about the siblings' dates of birth using the information below.

	30	/	4	/	2008
Kai	3	/		/	2001
	30	/	1	/	2008

Neale's birthday is on the last day of the month.
Kai's birthday is on the third day of June.
Nour was born in the same year as Neale.



PS

Months and years

1 Use a calendar to help you answer the questions.

a) How many days are in each month in a normal calendar year?

January	<input type="text"/>	May	<input type="text"/>	September	<input type="text"/>
February	<input type="text"/>	June	<input type="text"/>	October	<input type="text"/>
March	<input type="text"/>	July	<input type="text"/>	November	<input type="text"/>
April	<input type="text"/>	August	<input type="text"/>	December	<input type="text"/>

b)



There are more days in a leap year, so all of the answers to part a) will change.

Do you agree with Tommy?

Explain your answer.

2 2020 is a leap year.

a) Do you agree with Rosie?

Talk about it with a partner.

There are 365 days in the year 2020



b) When will the next three leap years be?

3 Here is a calendar from December 2016

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

a) What day of the week was 25 December in 2016?

b) Jack's birthday is on 17 December.

What day of the week was his birthday in 2016?

c) How many days are there between Jack's birthday and Boxing Day?

d) What day of the week was New Year's Day in 2017?

e) What was the date on the last Thursday of November 2016?

4 Write <, > or = to complete the statements.

- a) 1 week 8 days e) 12 months 1 year
- b) 8 days 2 weeks f) 2 years 22 months
- c) 3 weeks 1 month g) 36 months 3 years
- d) 5 weeks 1 month

5 The number line represents one year.

a) Complete the boxes with an estimate of the date.

The first one has been done for you.



b) Estimate where these dates belong and label them on the number line.

2 April 20 September 28 February

Compare answers with a partner.

2/3 STAR TASK:

Months and years

- What day of the week was 25 December in 2016?
- Jack's birthday is on 17 December.
What day of the week was his birthday in 2016?
- How many days are there between Jack's birthday and Boxing Day?
- What day of the week was New Year's Day in 2017?
- What was the date on the last Thursday of November 2016?

- 4 Write $<$, $>$ or $=$ to complete the statements.

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) 1 week <input type="text"/> 8 days | e) 12 months <input type="text"/> 1 year |
| b) 8 days <input type="text"/> 2 weeks | f) 2 years <input type="text"/> 22 months |
| c) 3 weeks <input type="text"/> 1 month | g) 36 months <input type="text"/> 3 years |
| d) 5 weeks <input type="text"/> 1 month | |

- 5 The number line represents one year.

- a) Complete the boxes with an estimate of the date.

The first one has been done for you.



- b) Estimate where these dates belong and label them on the number line.

2 April 20 September 28 February

Compare answers with a partner.

- 6 Jack, Eva, Whitney and Ron were all born in the same year.

Match the birthday to the child.

Jack	Eva	Ron	Whitney
2 November	31 January	15 June	4 May

- 7 Huan, Dani and Filip are counting up in different numbers of days.

Huan starts on 1 July and counts in 2s.

Dani starts on 31 May and counts in 5s.

Filip starts on 30 May and counts in 3s.

Who will reach August first?

May							June							July							August		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14			
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28			
29	30	31					29	30						29	30	31							

Extension Task!

True or False?

Months and years

Half of the months have 30 days.

Please explore this statement. How many months do we have altogether?

Work out how many months have 30 days, is that half of 12?

Objective: To write a letter to your favourite author.

Think about your favourite book... Find the author and write them a letter.

1. Who you are and why you are writing to them.
2. What you like about their books.
3. Your favourite book of theirs and why.
4. Describe your favourite character.
5. What are you looking forward to with any future books they write?



The diagram illustrates the structure of a letter with a central vertical red line and horizontal blue lines representing the letter's body. Labels in colored boxes point to specific parts of the letter:

- Date** (pink box) points to the date **8th June 2017**.
- Address of the sender** (orange box) points to the address **99 Toytown Avenue, Arklow, Co. Wicklow, W45321 IRELAND**.
- Dear _____, (the person/people you are sending the letter to)** (purple box) points to the salutation **Dear John and Amy,**.
- Your message** (green box) points to the main body of the letter: **I hope you are well. I am writing to say thank you for the lovely gift you sent me for my birthday. The coat is beautiful and I am wearing it a lot. Please come to visit again soon.**
- Say goodbye** (green box) points to the closing **Love from, Susie**.

Other: Art

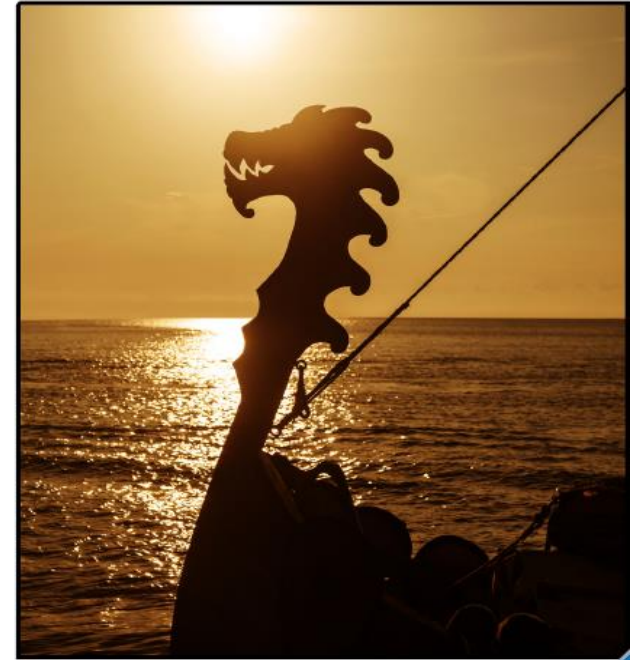
Objective: To sketch a Viking dragon head.

Read through the information on how to draw a Viking dragon head and sketching techniques. On the final slide, you will see various Viking dragon heads.

Task... draw your own version of the dragon head using some of the sketching techniques.

Challenge... Can you complete the challenge on the final slide!

The most famous place you would have seen a dragon's head would have been on the prow of a Viking longboat. Viking boats were sometimes known as dragon ships. When the Vikings started invading towns and villages in Britain, the sight of the dragon ships became something to be very afraid of.



The first thing you need to do when you start drawing something is to LOOK at it.

TAKE SOME TIME TO OBSERVE THE FEATURES, LOOK FOR AREAS OF LIGHT AND SHADE, AND THINK ABOUT WHAT SHAPES AND LINES HAVE BEEN USED.



WHAT PATTERNS AND SHAPES CAN YOU SEE?

WHERE ARE THE AREAS OF LIGHT AND SHADE?



Most artists will then sketch an outline of the main shapes. It's important to try and get the **PROPORTIONS** correct.



One of the most useful shading techniques is simply moving your pencil back and forth but changing the pressure. The harder you press your pencil onto the paper, the darker the shading will be.



IT'LL HELP IF YOU
USE THE FLAT SIDE OF
YOUR PENCIL!



**PRACTISE SHADING A RECTANGLE FROM LIGHT TO DARK.
MAKE THE CHANGE AS SMOOTH AS POSSIBLE.**

Hatching is another useful technique. This involves making small lines to create shade. The more lines you have and the closer together they are, the darker the shading will become. You can also use cross-hatching which involves creating hatch lines in two different directions.

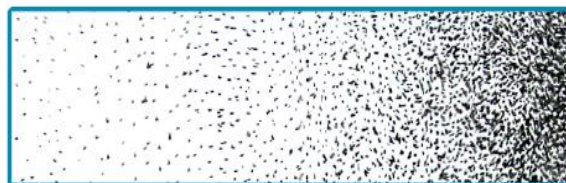


TRY
DOING LINES IN
LOTS OF DIFFERENT
DIRECTIONS
TOO!

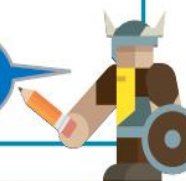


**PRACTISE USING HATCHING AND CROSS-HATCHING TO MAKE
DIFFERENT LEVELS OF LIGHT AND SHADE.**

Stippling is another pencil technique that involves creating light and shade by using tiny dots. The further away your dots are, the lighter the shade will be. If there are lots of dots close together, the shading will get darker.



STIPPLING CAN
TAKE A LONG TIME BUT
THE EFFECTS ARE ALWAYS
GREAT!



**PRACTISE USING STIPPLING TO CREATE A LIGHT-TO-DARK
SHADE.**

When you are shading a whole picture, you can choose just one of these methods to help you create light and shade, or you can use a variety.



Challenge...



CHALLENGE:

Can you draw this Viking dragon head without your pencil leaving the page?

EVERY TIME YOU LIFT YOUR PENCIL OFF YOUR PAGE YOU HAVE TO START AGAIN!

Some examples to use...

