









Hi. We are going to tell you all about the Chinese New Year.







One in every six people in the world celebrate Chinese New Year. Customs vary but the main idea is to remember family and wish everyone peace and prosperity in the Coming year.

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Chinese New Year is also known as the Spring Festival. It is the biggest and most important festival in China and is celebrated in Chinese communities all over the world.









The first day of the New Year falls between 21st January and 20th February. Celebrations last for 15 days from Chinese New Year's Eve to the Lantern Festival.

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There are several legends about how the Chinese New Year Came about.









One legend is that Lord Buddha Called together all the animals in the animal kingdom to say goodbye before he left Earth. Only twelve Came. He rewarded them by naming a year after each one in the order they arrived.

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Another legend tells the story of a swimming race. Many years ago there was a rat, an ox, a tiger, a rabbit, a dragon, a snake, a horse, a goat, a monkey, a rooster, a dog and a pig.









The animals argued about who was to be first in the cycle of years. They asked the Gods to decide.



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The Gods decided that there should be a swimming race. Whoever came first would be first in the cycle, the rest of the animals would be in the order they finished.

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新年快	樂	新	年	快	樂	新名	王快 乡	從
				Zodiac Anima				
Here is the	1948	1960	1972	1984	1996	2008	Rat	
Chinese	1949	1961	1973	1985	1997	2009	Ox	@
Calendar.	1950	1962	1974	1986	1998	2010	Tiger	
	1951	1963	1975	1987	1999	2011	Rabbit	2.5
	1952	1964	1976	1988	2000	2012	Dragon	See 2
	1953	1965	1977	1989	2001	2013	Snake	0
	1954	1966	1978	1990	2002	2014	Horse	Ś
		1967	1979	1991	2003	2015	Goat	0_0
	1956	1968	1980	1992	2004	2016	Monkey	
	1957	1969	1981	1993	2005	2017	Rooster	
Î	1958	1970	1982	1994	2006	2018	Dog	
	1959	1971	1983	1995	2007	2019	Pig	0

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What is your zodiac animal? Find the year you were born in. Then look for the animal.



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			,	Year			Zodiac 🖌	Animal			
What year	1960	1972	1984	1996	2008	2020	Rat				1
will 2021	1961	1973	1985	1997	2009	2021	Ox				
be?	1962	1974	1986	1998	2010	2022	Tiger				
	1963	1975	1987	1999	2011	2023	Rabbit	2. S			1
	1964	1976	1988	2000	2012	2024	Dragon				4
	1965	1977	1989	2001	2013	2025	Snake	$\overline{0}$	/		
	1966	1978	1990	2002	2014	2026	Horse	Sec	K	**	
	C?	1979	1991	2003	2015	2027	Goat	0.0		*	
	1968	1980	1992	2004	2016	2028	Monkey			* *	U
	1969	1981	1993	2005	2017	2029	Rooster				
î	1970	1982	1994	2006	2018	2030	Dog	00			
😳 🏹 🥨	1971	1983	1995	2007	2019	2031	Pig			6	









Yes, 2021 is the Year of the OX!













In 2021 the Chinese New Year begins on Friday 12th February and lasts until 26th February.











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We decorate our homes with lanterns. Most of our decorations are coloured red and gold.

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Red frightens away the monster Nian who some Chinese people believe comes on New Year's Eve. Click on the image to hear the story of Nian.

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We do this to frighten away evil spirits. That is why the door Gods look so fierce and have weapons.

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We also hang up red banners called Chunlians on our doorways.

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Tangerines and oranges are important Chinese New Year symbols. We believe that these fruits bring good luck.

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The Chinese word for tangerine sounds like the word for 'luck' and the Chinese word for orange sounds like the word for 'wealth'.

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When we visit our friends and family we take gifts of oranges or tangerines.

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We decorate our homes with plum and peach blossom as these are symbols of the start of a new year.

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We believe that following these customs will help bring about a plentiful Crop of fruit later in the year.

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Our streets and Cities are also decorated with peach and plum fruit blossoms lights.

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Fish decorations can be seen everywhere. The Chinese word for 'fish' sounds exactly like the Chinese word for plenty.

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We believe that by hanging up fish decorations we will have plenty of good fortune.

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Chinese people often travel long distances to be with their family at this special time.

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On New Year's Eve we have a special family re-union dinner we call "Nian Ye Fan".

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We prepare a place and food for the spirits of our ancestors who we believe are present at the meal. Can you see the empty Chair?

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We have delicious food to eat including fish dishes and dumplings. We eat the dumplings just after midnight.

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The dumplings, called yuanxiao or tangyuan. They are made of sticky rice flour stuffed with different fillings.

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Sometimes lucky coins are hidden in the dumplings. We believe that the coins bring good luck to the people who find them.

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After dinner we play Card games and board games like Chinese Chess.

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At midnight we we set off fireworks and fireCraCkers to scare off evil spirits.

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We switch on all the lights in our homes until midnight to keep away evil spirits.

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On New Year's Day we receive lucky red packets or envelopes called 'Hong Bao'.

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These are given to us by our parents and grandparents and Contain 'lucky' money.

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The amount of money in the envelope is always an even number.

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On the third day of the Chinese New Year we go to the temple.





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Some people take fortune sticks with them. The way the sticks fall show the kind of luck the person will have in the coming year.

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During the New Year we join in the street Celebrations and see lots of lion and dragon dances.

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In the lion dance there are usually two dancers. One acts as the head and the other the body. They dance to a drum, Cymbals and a gong.

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On the head of the lion is a mirror so that evil spirits will be frightened away by their own reflections.

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The ninth day of the Chinese New Year is the birthday of the Jade Emperor, the King of the Gods.

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Our New Year Celebrations end on the fifteenth day, the day of the full Moon, with the 'Festival of Lanterns'.





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It is a Custom for Children to put riddles on lanterns.

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There are lots of exciting things to see - street theatre, parades and exhibitions.

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We light lanterns and set them off into the sky. We do this to thank the rain god for the rain he has sent to make our Crops grow.

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We hope that you have enjoyed learning about how we Celebrate the Chinese New Year.

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Some of our customs have changed over time, but many Chinese people still celebrate the traditional Chinese New Year.

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Your tasks: choose a task to complete

- Make a Chinese dragon dt
- Design a new Chinese dragon art
- Write a new version of Nian story writing
- Perform a Dragon dance with your family record this! PE
- Make some music using household items that would accompany a Dragon dance - Music